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HARYANA GOVERNMENT

INDUSTRIES & COMMERCE DEPARTMENT

Notification

The 19th December, 2022

No. 12/03/2022-1IB-II.— The Governor of Haryana is pleased to notify the "Haryana AatmaNirbhar Textile Policy 2022-25" attached as Annexure – 'A', which will be effective from date of notification for a period of 3 years.

The policy has been concurred by the Finance Department *vide* their U.O No. 11/83/2022-3FD-III/2022/21471 dated 03.11.2022 and approved by the Council of Ministers in its meeting held on 01st December 2022.

Chandigarh: The 17th November, 2022.

ANAND MOHAN SHARAN, Additional Chief Secretary to Government Haryana, Industries & Commerce Department.





Haryana AatmaNirbhar Textile Policy

2022-25





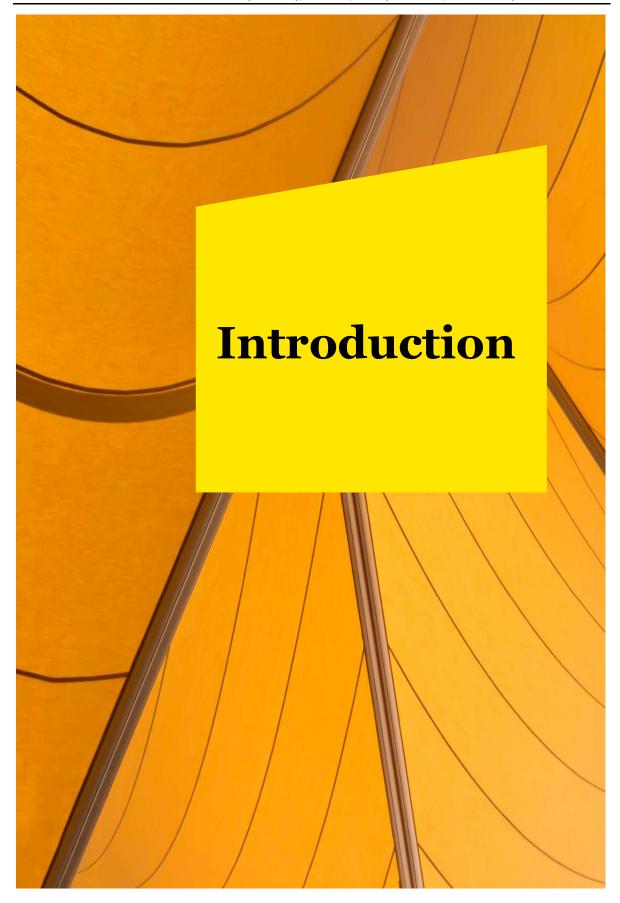
Directorate of Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises,
Government of Haryana

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Indian Textile Sector

India is among the world's largest producers of Textiles and Apparel. The Indian Textile industry is highly diversified, with presence of hand-spun and hand-woven textiles sectors on one end of the spectrum and state of the art capital-intensive sophisticated mills on the other end. Decentralised power looms/ hosiery and knitting sector forms the largest component in the country's textiles sector. Various segments of the textile sectors are – Khadi & Handlooms, Cotton Textiles, Woollen Textiles, Silk Textiles, Jute Textiles, Home Furnishing, Man-made Textiles, Handicrafts, Technical Textiles, etc.

Indian textile industry is one of the oldest and largest in the world and plays a pivotal role in the country's economy. Availability of abundant raw material, manufacturing strength, skilled workforce and low costs of production are some of the key factors that contribute to the success of Indian textile industry. The organized textile industry in India is characterized by the use of capital-intensive technology for the mass production of textile products and includes spinning, weaving, processing, and apparel manufacturing.

The textile industry in India covers a wide range of activities ranging from production of raw material like cotton, jute, silk and wool to providing high value-added products such as fabrics and garments to consumers. The industry uses variety of fibres ranging from natural fibres like cotton, jute, silk and wool to manmade fibres like polyester, viscose, acrylic and multiple blends of such fibres and filament yarn.

The value chain of textile and apparel is highlighted in the figure below:

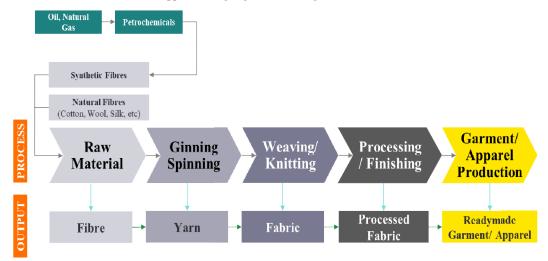


Figure 1: Value Chain-Textile and Apparel

India is the 2nd largest producer of Man-Made Fibre (MMF) after China and 6th largest exporter of Textiles & Apparels in the world. The textiles and apparel industry in India is the 2nd largest employer in the country providing direct employment to 45 million people and to another 100 million people in its allied industries. The industry is mainly concentrated in the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME) domain. The share of textile and apparel (T&A) including handicrafts in India's total exports stood at a significant 11.8% in 2019-20. India's share of the global textiles and apparel trade stands at 5% and the Indian textile industry has a potential to achieve \$100 Billion in exports by 2030. The major textile export destinations for India manufacturers are EU-28 and USA with 50% share in total textile and apparel exports from India¹. However, more countries like Australia and UAE are likely to become potential destinations for Indian exporters in light of recent Economic Cooperation and Trade Agreements that will enable zero duty exports to these countries.

1.2 Harvana Textile Sector

Haryana has a vibrant textile sector and exhibits strength across the entire value chain from fibre to fabric. Textile sector has significant importance for the state's economy as this is the largest employer in the state after agriculture. Haryana is fourth largest producer of cotton in India and contributes around 6 per cent of country's total cotton production². The main cotton producing districts in Haryana are Sirsa, Fatehabad, Bhiwani, Hisar and Jind. The

² Source: Invest India

¹ Source: Annual Report 2020-21, Ministry of Textiles, Government of India

abundant availability of raw material coupled with conducive business environment provides Haryana a competitive advantage in the textile sector.

Haryana boasts of several prominent textile hubs across the entire value chain. Panipat is famous for handloom products, furnishing fabrics, terry-towels and blankets. Gurugram has emerged as hub for manufacturing of Readymade Garments. Faridabad, the industrial hub of Haryana is famous for fabric production and Sonipat is an emerging hub of technical textiles, a sunrise area within the textile sector. Bhiwani is the hub of non-woven textiles. Providing a boost to the textile MSMEs of the state, are a large number of exports buying houses which are based in Gurugram, Panipat, Sonipat and Faridabad. This has resulted in concentration of the textile based MSMEs in industrially advanced blocks. Haryana's diversified Textile sector is highlighted in figure below:

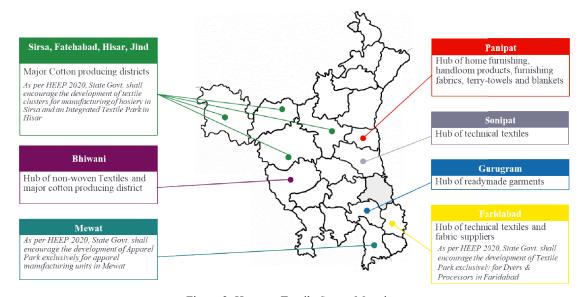


Figure 2: Haryana Textile Sector Mapping

HaryanaAatmaNirbhar Textile Policy 2022-25

Textile and Apparel is one of the top contributing sectors towards GSVA and employment in the state. The textile industry is mainly in the MSME sector and is concentrated in the industrially forward blocks of the State. Haryana's contribution to national exports of Textile and Apparel is over 36% for carpets and other textile floor coverings, 18% for apparel and clothing (woven), 8% for apparel and clothing (knitted) and 9% for other made-up textile articles.

Textile & Apparel is also recognised as a thrust sector under the State ambitious Haryana Enterprises and Employment Policy (HEEP) 2020 wherein the sector is being supported through enhanced fiscal support, conducive infrastructure and other strategic interventions for its growth.

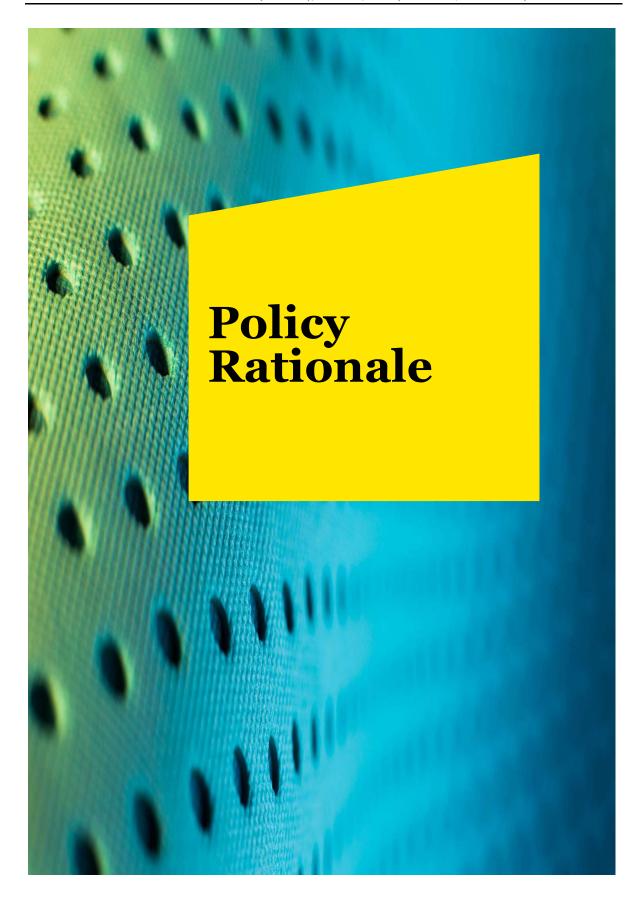
The Government of Haryana through the Directorate of MSME is proactively working towards creation of a vibrant ecosystem for the textile MSME clusters and has set up several Common Facility Centres (CFCs) to provide a technological boost to the textile based MSMEs. These CFCs have been set up under the State flagship, State Mini Cluster Development Scheme across various districts in Haryana. The table below presents a glimpse of the clusters where interventions have been undertaken and the CFC facilities created:

S. No.	District Name	Cluster Name	Type of Facilities in CFC
		Home Furnishing Cluster	 Digital Printing Facility
		Handloom & Textile Cluster	 Knitting Facility
1	Panipat		 Thread Making Facility
		Garment Manufacturing Cluster	 Automatic Fabric Cutting Facility
			 Design & Development Facility

Table 1: Textile Clusters developed under State Mini Cluster Development Scheme

2	Sonipat	Textile & Allied Products Cluster	Fabric Cutting FacilityFabric Knitting FacilityPrinting Facility
3	Gurugram	Apparel Manufacturing Cluster	Digital Printing Facility
4	Faridabad	Textile Research Processing Cluster	Digital Printing FacilityNABL Accredited Fabric Testing Facility
		Women Knitwear Cluster	Knitting Facility
5	Hisar	Textile & Allied Products Cluster	Fabric Cutting Facility
			 Designing Facility
			 Lamination Facility

The State Government has been continuously trying to uplift the textile sector of the state with special focus on increasing textile manufacturing by creating best-in-class manufacturing infrastructure, up gradation of technology, fostering innovation, enhancing skills and traditional strengths of the sector.



2. POLICY RATIONALE

2.1 Need for Haryana AatmaNirbhar Textile Policy 2022-25

Haryana has always been at the forefront of economic growth in the country. The state has made tremendous strides over the years to carve out a niche for itself in the fields of engineering, automobiles, textiles, food processing, Information technology, pharmaceutical and services related industries.

To maintain its position as a progressive State, the Government has taken various proactive steps to encourage industries through ease of doing business reforms, financial & technological enablement, policy simplification etc. In line with this, Government has notified the Haryana Enterprises and Employment Policy (HEEP) 2020 which offers a robust incentive framework. Textile and Apparel sector is notified as thrust sector under HEEP 2020.

During Covid-19 pandemic, the textile industry was badly hit due to disruption in the supply of raw material, lack of workforce, cancellation of orders (domestic & exports), disruption in supply chain, working capital issues and reduction in consumption, etc. Additionally, the industry has technologically evolved over the years and the focus has now shifted on promotion of sunrise sectors like technical textiles.

The Government of India has also laid enormous thrust on the growth of Textile sector under the AatmaNirbhar Bharat Mission. Through this mission, Government has initiated special measures to provide an impetus to the textile sector especially in man-made fibre (MMF) and technical textile segment. The Government of India has also launched a National Technical Textile Mission to establish India as a global leader in Technical Textiles. Moreover, recently the Government of India had also introduced the Production-Linked Incentive (PLI) Scheme for Textiles products - MMF Apparel, MMF Fabrics and Products of Technical Textiles, for enhancing India's manufacturing capabilities and enhancing exports with an approved financial outlay of INR 10,683 crore over a five-year period.

The textile industry in the Haryana needs to evolve and capture new and emerging opportunities in this rapidly changing global business environment. Hence, in order to further the growth of the state's already robust textile sector and provide a comprehensive support framework for the textile industry in the state to grow, innovate and enhance



Figure 3: Need for Haryana AatmaNirbhar Textile Policy 2022-25

employment opportunities for the State's youth, the State Government is pleased to share the new Haryana AatmaNirbhar Textile Policy 2022-25". This supersedes the previous Haryana Textile Policy 2019 and aims to promote value added textile activities with suitable policy interventions to harness the potential of the entire textile value chain in the State.

The "Haryana AatmaNirbhar Textile Policy 2022-25" aims to foster an ecosystem of self-reliance and innovation by offering a robust incentive framework for backward integration-enhanced production of manmade fibres, promoting circular economy, attracting investments in weaving, knitting, processing, readymade garments, apparel making, technical textiles, integrated units, textile parks, textile clusters, etc. with special emphasis on value addition, employment generation and productivity enhancement.

The "Haryana AatmaNirbhar Textile Policy 2022-25" is in line with the 5F vision of the Government of India - Farm to Fiber to Factory to Fashion to Foreign.

2.2 Benchmarking & Stakeholder Consultation for Policy Formulation

A multipronged approach has been followed while drafting the Haryana AatmaNirbhar Textile Policy 2022-25. This includes policy benchmarking with leading countries in the textile sector and policy benchmarking with other statesacross the country besides extensive stakeholder consultations. Inputs suggestions were also obtained from industry associations, export promotion councils, industry bodies, and textile based MSMEs through structured interactive sessions which were held at prominent textile and apparel hubs like Faridabad, Panipat, Gurugram, and Sonipat.

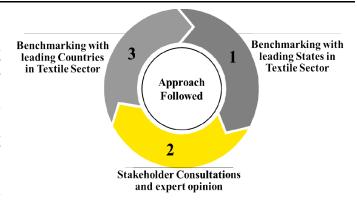


Figure 4: Approach followed for policy formulation

2.3 Vision

To establish Haryana as an ideal destination for textile manufacturing not only in India but also globally, help industry diversify into new products, promote technical textiles, enhance backward integration of textile sector by promoting production of manmade fibres, generate maximum employment in the textile sector, facilitate balanced regional growth and most importantly enable the textile industry to become green and sustainable across the entire value chain.

2.4 Objectives

The key objectives of the Haryana AatmaNirbhar Textile Policy 2022-25include:

- To attract investment in the textile sector to the tune of INR 4000 crores.
- To generate 20,000 new jobs in the textile sector across the value chain.
- To achieve higher and sustainable growth in the entire textile value chain with emphasis on innovation, backward integration and adoption of clean and green technologies
- To support the industry, adopt world-class state of the art technology in conformity with the environment and social standards
- To encourage industry to innovate, develop new designs, diversify and enhance value addition
- To facilitate and promote sunrise sectors like Technical Textiles in the critical areas such as defence, automobiles, construction, etc.
- To support the industry with skilled workforce and to create additional employment opportunities
- To promote export of all type of textiles with special thrust on products such as garments, made ups, technical textiles etc.

The key objectives of the policy are highlighted in the figure below:

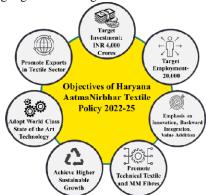
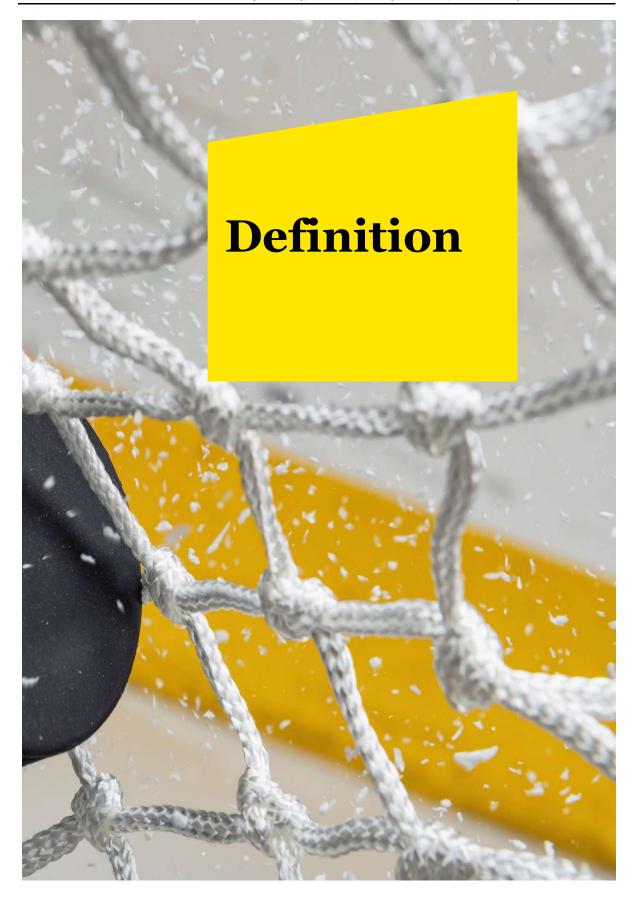


Figure 5: Key objectives of the policy

2.5 Operative Period

Haryana AatmaNirbhar Textile Policy 2022-25 and related schemes will come into operation from date of its notification in the official Gazette and shall remain in force for a period of 3 years from the date of its notification.





3. **DEFINITIONS**

- (a) New Industrial Enterprise: means an enterprise established and commencing commercial production during the operative period of this policy. The existing enterprise undertaking expansion/ diversification at different location shall also be considered as New Enterprise.
- **(b)** Existing Enterprises: Any project existing and in operation prior to notification of this policy and any project undertaking expansion/ diversification/ modernization during the operative period of this policy.
- (c) Expansion/Diversification/Modernization: Existing enterprise taking up expansion and/or diversification with or without forward/backward integration, with investment more than 25% of its existing gross fixed capital investment, as on date of initiating expansion/diversification and commencing production of said expansion/diversification during the operative period of the policy shall be treated as expansion/diversification. The expansion should be completed within 18 months of its initiation.
- (d) Fixed Capital Investment: Means original value of investment made in plant & machinery, technical civil works such as factory sheds and buildings, Laboratories for research and quality testing, laboratory equipment, utilities for power, fuel and water supply and other misc. fixed assets before a unit commences expansion/ diversification/ modernization.
 - (Excluded Items: Cost of Land, Land Development, Pre-operative & preliminary expenditure, Working Capital, Interest during Construction and general civil works such as roads, drains, office infrastructure, etc.)
- (e) Technical Textiles: Technical textiles, for the purpose of this policy, are defined as textile materials and products used primarily for their technical performance and functional properties rather than for aesthetics or decorative characteristics, where function is the primary criterion. Depending on the product characteristics, functional requirements and end-use applications, the highly diversified range of technical textiles has been grouped into 12 sector application wise:
 - i. Agriculture, Horticulture, Fisheries, and Forestry Textiles (Agrotech): Agrotech Segment includes textile products used in agriculture, horticulture (including floriculture), fisheries, animal husbandry, forestry and other allied activities.
 - ii. **Architectural and Constructional Textiles (Buildtech):** Buildtech consists of those textile products which have application in building and construction industry.
 - iii. Clothing Textiles (Clothtech): Clothtech segment comprises textile material and products manufactured to fulfil functional requirements of clothing, garments, and footwear industry.
 - iv. Geotextiles (Geotech): These materials are permeable and have been designed for uses such as soil reinforcement, separation, filtration, drainage, and erosion control. Products in Geotech segment are used in nonwoven, woven and knitted forms in roads, railway tracks, embankments, waterworks etc.
 - v. **Household Textiles (Hometech):** Technical components of furniture, household textiles, and floor coverings, etc., are categorised as Hometech.
 - vi. **Industrial textiles (Indutech):** Textile products which are designed for filtration, conveying, purification of products and other industrial uses are classified under Indutech segment.
 - vii. **Medical and Hygiene Textiles (Meditech):** Meditech segment consists of textile material used for healthcare and hygiene applications.
 - viii. **Transportation Textiles (Mobiltech):** Mobiltech segment includes textile products that are used for applications in automotive components of terrestrial vehicles of various kinds, railways, airplanes, boats and ships, satellites, and space crafts.
 - ix. **Environment Protection Textiles (Oekotech):** Textile products that are used for applications related to environmental protection are categorised as Oekotech products. Oekotech products are used in erosion control, air and water purification, waste recycling and treatment.
 - x. **Packaging Textiles (Packtech):** This segment consists of products manufactured for applications in packaging of industrial products and food products.

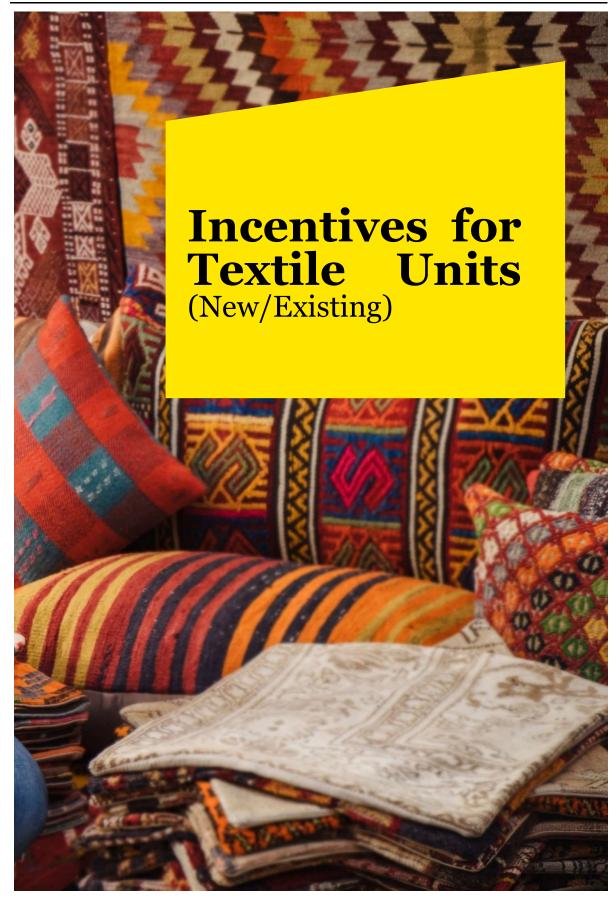
- xi. **Protection and Safety Textiles (Protech):** Products of Protech segment are used for their functional performance in the areas of protection of personnel and physical assets. The main user groups are those associated with external security duties (defence), fire control services, police, paramilitary forces as well as residential and industrial security.
- xii. Sport and Recreation Textiles (Sportech): High-performance textile materials used for sportswear and sports equipment are covered under this category.
- xiii. Any other product as notified by Ministry of Textiles, Government of India, time to time.

Note: Detailed list of products under each sector group of technical textiles are provide in the Annexure – B.

(f) Anchor Units: An enterprise with Fixed Capital Investment (FCI) or employment as defined in table below with at least 75% of the total unskilled employment to people of Haryana domicile and at least 30% of overall employment to people of Haryana domicile or as notified by the State Government.

Block	Fixed Capital Investment	Employment
Block – B	More than INR 400 Crore	1200 persons
Block – C	More than INR 300 Crore	900 persons
Block – D	More than INR 250 Crore	750 persons

- (g) Mega Projects: Project having minimum Fixed Capital Investment (FCI) of INR 200 Crore in 'B' category blocks, FCI of over INR 100 Crore in 'C' category blocks and FCI of over INR 75 Crore in 'D' category blocks. The project undertaking expansion/ diversification and identified service enterprises with same criteria of investment shall also be treated as Mega Project.
- (h) Large Enterprise: Investment in Plant and Machinery greater than INR 50 crore and turnover greater than INR 250 crore (over and above the of limit of Medium units defined under the MSMED Act, 2006 or as amended by GoI from time to time).
- (i) Medium Enterprise: Investment in Plant and Machinery or Equipment does not exceed INR 50 crore and turnover does not exceed INR 250 crore as amended under the MSMED Act, 2006 or as amended by GoI from time to time.
- (j) Small Enterprise: Investment in Plant and Machinery or Equipment does not exceed INR 10 crore and turnover does not exceed INR 50 crore as amended under the MSMED Act, 2006 or as amended by GoI from time to time.
- (k) Micro Enterprise: Investment in Plant and Machinery or Equipment does not exceed INR 1 crore and turnover does not exceed INR 5 crore as amended under the MSMED Act, 2006 or as amended by GoI from time to time.
- (I) Textile Sector/Textile Enterprises: The term 'Textile sector/Textile enterprises' shall include all units which are engaged in various value chain activities of the industry such as Ginning & Pressing, Spinning, Recycled PSF manufacturing, Weaving, Tufting, Dyeing & Processing, Technical textiles (including non-woven), Knitting, Garment/Made-ups, Machine Carpeting, Extruding, Machine Embroidery and any other activities/process like crimping, texturizing, twisting, winding, sizing etc. and Textile machine manufacturing.
- (m) Worker: A worker means any person employed in textile industry to do any manual, unskilled, skilled, semi-skilled, technical, operational work for hire or reward who is engaged in manufacturing activity of that enterprise, on payroll and is registered under EPF scheme. (Account staff. Admin staff, marketing staff will not be considered eligible).
- (n) Backward Integration: Backward integration include but not limited to production of yarns like Low Melt Polyester Yarn, Low Melt Nylon Yarn, Waterless Dyed Nylon High Tenacity Yarn, Waterless Dyed Polyester High Tenacity Yarn, Reflector Twisted Yarns, Waterproof Yarns for safety and footwear industry, Aramid Yarns for Defence Industry, Belting Narrow Weaving Fabrics, Textured Yarn for Airbag Industry, Textured Yarn for Cleaning Mob Industry, Mob Assembly for Hygiene Industry, Fabrics for technical textile industries, etc.



4. INCENTIVES FOR TEXTILE UNITS (NEW/EXISTING)

With an intent to provide robust incentive framework for attracting investments and generate large scale employment opportunities across the textile value chain of Haryana as well as promote sunrise textile sectors, the state will offer the following incentives to new as well as existing units.

4.1 Capital Investment Subsidy

- For all Categories of Textile Enterprises: Capital investment subsidy @35% up to a maximum of INR 2.5 Crore in 'B' category blocks and 40% up to a maximum of INR 3.5 Crore in 'C' &'D' category blocks on eligible capital investment for new/ expansion/ diversification/ modernization projects.
- For Technical Textile Units/Import Substitution/ Backward Integration: Capital investment subsidy @35% up to a maximum of INR 3.5 Crore in 'B' category blocks and 40% up to a maximum of INR 5 Crore in 'C' &'D' category blocks on eligible capital investment for new/ expansion/diversification/modernization projects.
- For Textile units engaged in Open End Spinning and Waste to Fibre: Capital investment subsidy @40% up to a maximum of INR 4 Crore in 'B', 'C' and 'D' category blocks on eligible capital investment for new/ expansion/ diversification/ modernization projects.
- For Textile Machine Manufacturing Units: Capital investment subsidy @ 30% up to a maximum of INR 2 Crore in 'B', 'C' and 'D' category blocks on eligible capital investment for new/ expansion/ diversification/ modernization projects.

Note: Maximum of 84 projects will be eligible to avail above mentioned incentives under this scheme during the policy period.

4.2 Stamp Duty Reimbursement

Reimbursement of 80% of stamp duty in 'B' category blocks and 100% in 'C' & 'D' category blocks for all categories of textile enterprises on the land meant for industrial use, after commencement of commercial production within 5 years from the date of purchase of land.

Note: This incentive is same as HEEP 2020. So, the unit shall have to apply for the same under the HEEP 2020.

4.3 Interest Subsidy on Term Loan

- Interest subsidy on term loan for MSMEs @6% or maximum up to INR 20 lakh per year in 'B' category blocks, 7% or maximum up to INR 30 lakh per year in 'C' category blocks and 7% or maximum up to INR 50 lakh per year in 'D' category blocks for 7 years for new/ expansion/ diversification/ modernization projects for all textile enterprises including technical textiles, import substitution, backward linkages, etc.
- Interest subsidy on term loan for textile machine manufacturing MSMEs @ 6% or maximum up to INR 25 lakh per year in 'B' and 'C' category blocks and INR 40 lakh per year in 'D' category blocks for 7 years for new/ expansion/ diversification/ modernization projects anywhere in the state.

4.4 Investment Subsidy in lieu of Net SGST

- 25% of Net SGST for 8 years in 'B' category blocks with cap of 100% of FCI
- 50% of Net SGST for 10 years in 'C' &'D' category blocks with cap of 125% of FCI

4.5 Employment Generation Subsidy

For capacity building of persons belonging to Haryana (skilled/semi-skilled/un-skilled) [having Haryana Resident Certificate/EPF/ESI proof for last three years], Subsidy @ INR 48,000/- per year for SC/ Women and INR 36,000/- per year for general category for 7 years in 'B','C'& 'D' category blocks for direct employment on pay roll or contract with valid ESI/PF Number, subject to engaged minimum of 50% belonging to Haryana of the total employment as per State Government Act for local employment amended time to time, whichever is maximum.

Note: This incentive is same as HEEP 2020. So, the unit shall have to apply for the same under the HEEP 2020.

4.6 Freight Assistance for Export Oriented Units

1% of Free on Board (FOB) value or actual freight excluding government fee and taxes on transportation of goods from place of manufacture to the seaport/ air cargo/ by road up to international border, whichever is less and maximum up to INR 10 lakh in 'B' category blocks, INR 15 lakh in 'C' category blocks and INR 20 lakh in 'D' category blocks per annum to new exporting micro and small enterprises having quality Certification.

4.7 Skill Training

• Subsidy @50% of the total project cost, subject to a maximum of INR 2 Crore in 'B' category blocks, INR 5 Crore in 'C' category blocks and INR 10 Crore in 'D' category blocks to a group of 5 MSMEs for setting up common facility for training in textile and apparel sectors. Cost of land and building not included in the total project cost.

4.8 Electricity Duty Exemption

- 100% exemption for 10 years in 'B' category blocks
- 100% exemption for 15 years in 'C' category blocks
- 100% exemption for 20 years in 'D' category blocks

Note: This incentive is same as HEEP 2020. So, the unit shall have to apply for the same under the HEEP 2020.

4.9 Support for Obtaining Fire Insurance Policy

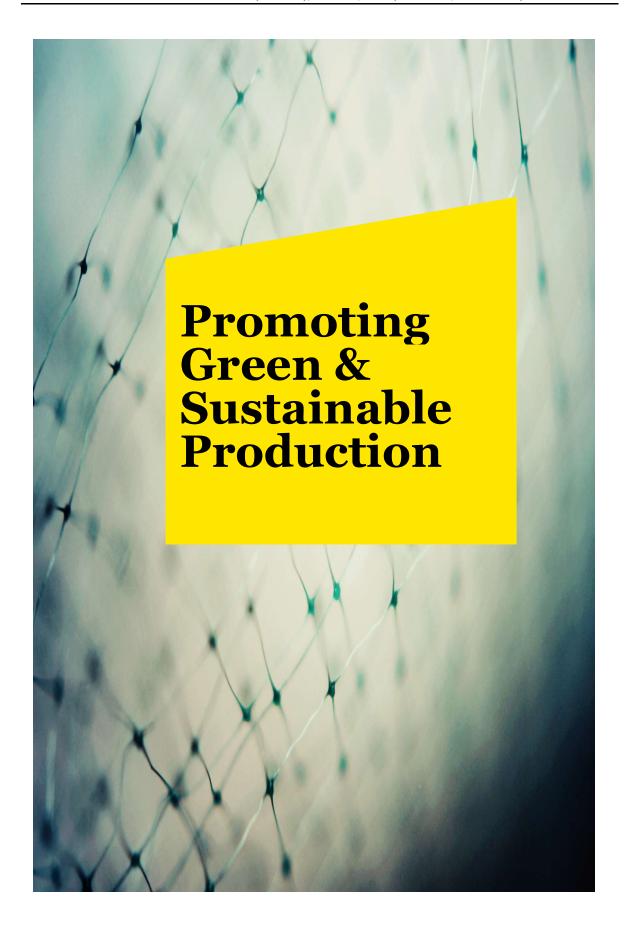
The Government will encourage the textile units to adopt fire insurance to indemnify the losses occurred due to fire hazards. In lieu of this a reimbursement of 75% of insurance premium up to a maximum of INR 5 lakh per year in 'B' category blocks and INR 10 lakh per year in 'C' and 'D' category blocks, every year shall be provided during the operative period of the policy to textile MSMEs.

KEY INCENTIVES UNDER THIS SECTION-TEXTILE UNITS (NEW/EXISTING)

Table 2: Key Incentives – Textile Units (New/Existing)

	Tuble 2. Rey incontives—Textile Olitis (Textile)			
S. No.	Type of Incentive	For 'B' Category Blocks	For 'C' & 'D' Category Blocks	
4.1	Capital Investment Subsidy	 35% up to max. of INR 2.5 Crorein for all categories of textile enterprises 35% up to a max. of INR 3.5 Crore for technical textile units/ Import Substitution/ Backward Integration 40% up to a maximum of INR 4 Crore for open end spinning and waste to fibre related projects 30% up to a max. of INR 2 Crore for textile machine manufacturing units 	 40% up to a max. of INR 3.5 Crore in 'C' &'D' category blocks for all category of textile enterprises 40% up to a max. of INR 5 Crore in 'C'& 'D' category blocks for technical textile units/ Import Substitution/ Backward Integration 40% up to a maximum of INR 4 Crore for open end spinning and waste to fibre related projects 30% up to a max. of INR 2 Crore for textile machine manufacturing units 	
4.2	Stamp Duty Reimbursement	80% for all categories of textile enterprises	■ 100% for all categories of textile enterprises	

S. No.	Type of Incentive	For 'B' Category Blocks	For 'C' & 'D' Category Blocks
4.3	Interest Subsidy on Term Loan	 6% on term loan for MSMEs or max. up to INR 20 lakh per year for 7 years 6% per annum subject to max. of INR 25 lakh per year for 7 years for textile machine manufacturing units 	 7% on term loan or max. up to INR 30 lakh per year in 'C' category blocks and INR 50 lakh per year in 'D' category blocks for 7 years for all textile enterprises 6% per annum subject to max. of INR 25 lakh per year in 'C' category blocks and INR 40 lakhs per year in 'D' category blocks for 7 years for textile machine manufacturing units
4.4	Investment subsidy in lieu of Net SGST	■ 25% of Net SGST for 8 years with cap of 100% of FCI	■ 50% of Net SGST for 10 years with cap of 125% of FCI
4.5	Employment Generation Subsidy	■ INR 48,000 per year for SC/Women and INR 36,000 per year for general category for 7 years	■ INR 48,000 per year for SC/Women and INR 36,000 per year for general category for 7 years
4.6	Freight Assistance for Export Oriented Units	■ 1% of FOB value or actual freight, whichever is less and max. up to INR 10 lakh per annum	■ 1% of FOB value or actual freight, whichever is less and max. up to INR 15 lakh in 'C' category blocks and INR 20 lakh in 'D' category blocks per annum
4.7	Skill Training/ Entrepreneurship	• 50% of the total project cost, max up to INR 2 Crore to a group of 5 MSMEs for setting up common facility for training in textile and apparel sector	■ 50% of the total project cost, max up to INR 5 Crore in 'C' category blocks and INR 10 Crore in 'D' category blocks to a group of 5 MSMEs for setting up common facility for training in textile & apparel sector
4.8	Electricity Duty Exemption	■ 100% exemption for 10 years	■ 100% for 15 years in 'C' blocks and 20 years in 'D' blocks
4.9	Support for obtaining Fire Insurance	■ 75% of insurance premium up to a max. of INR 5 lakh per year, every year during the operative period of the policy	■ 75% of insurance premium up to a max. of INR 10 lakh per year, every year during the operative period of the policy



5. PROMOTING GREEN AND SUSTAINABLE PRODUCTION

The textile and apparel manufacturing industries are polluting industries and need to comply to stringent environmental compliances. Fabric waste, sludge waste and water waste generated from this type of industries is very huge. The sludge and water waste contains odour, colour, high amounts of chemical reagents, suspended and dissolved solids, etc causing damage to the environment and human health.

The State Government is very keen to adopt eco-friendly and green technologies for sustainable production. Through this policy, the State Government will provide following incentives.

5.1 Support for Effluent Treatment Plant (ETP)

■ 70% of total project cost in 'C' category blocks and 75% of total project cost in 'D' category blocks subject to a maximum of INR 1 Crore for all kind of existing and new textile MSMEs

Note: Cost of land not included in the total project cost.

5.2 Support for Zero Liquid Discharge (ZLD)

40% of total project cost in 'A' category blocks, 50% of total project cost in 'B' category blocks, 60% of total project cost in 'C' category blocks, 75% of total project cost in 'D' category blocks subject to a maximum of INR 10 Crore for all kind of existing and new textile MSMEs

Note: Cost of land not included in the total project cost. The cost of project will be calculated on actual basis or INR 3 crore per MLD whichever is less.

5.3 Energy Conservation

75% reimbursement or maximum of INR 2 lakhs for conducting energy audit from BEE certified energy auditor. Further, subsidy on cost of capital equipment required for undertaking measures to conserve energy, 50% in 'D' category blocks, 40% in 'C' category blocks, 30% in 'B' category blocks, 20% in 'A' category blocks, subject to maximum of INR 20 lakhs once in every 5 years for textile MSMEs. No subsidy for energy audit shall be provided in case audit recommendations are not implemented.

Note: This incentive is same as HEEP 2020. So, the unit shall have to apply for the same under the HEEP 2020.

5.4 Water Conservation

75% reimbursement of cost of water audit subject to maximum of INR 1 lakh. Further, subsidy up to 50% or maximum of INR 20 lakhs on cost of capital equipment required for water conservation/ Harvesting system anywhere in the State. No subsidy for water audit shall be provided in case audit recommendations are not implemented.

Note: This incentive is same as HEEP 2020. So, the unit shall have to apply for the same under the HEEP 2020.

5.5 Support for Solar Rooftop

• Capital investment subsidy @ 30% up to a maximum of INR 20 lakh in 'A' and 'B' category blocks and @50% up to a maximum of INR 40 lakh in 'C' and INR 50 lakh in 'D' category blocks on eligible capital investment for installation of solar rooftops to all categories of textile MSMEs.

KEY INCENTIVES-PROMOTING GREEN & SUSTAINABLE PRODUCTION

Table 3: Key Incentives – Promoting Green & Sustainable Production

S. No.	Type of Incentive	For 'A' & 'B' Blocks	For 'C' & 'D' Blocks
5.1	Support for ETP		■ 70% of total project cost in 'C' category blocks and 75% of total project cost in 'D' category blocks subject to a maximum of INR 1 Crore for all kind of existing & new textile MSMEs
5.2	Support for ZLD and related technologies	 40% of total project cost in 'A' category blocks and 50% of total project cost in 'B' category blocks subject to a maximum of INR 10 Crore for all kind of existing & new textile MSMEs 	■ 60% of total project cost in 'C' category blocks and 75% of total project cost in 'D' category blocks subject to a maximum of INR 10 Crore for all kind of existing & new textile MSMEs

S. No.	Type of Incentive	For 'A' & 'B' Blocks	For 'C' & 'D' Blocks
5.3	Energy Conservation	 75% reimbursement or max. of INR 2 lakhs for conducting energy audit Subsidy up to 20% in 'A' category blocks and 30% in 'B' category blocks subject to a maximum of INR 20 lakh on cost of capital equipment required for energy conservation once in 5 years 	 75% reimbursement or max. of INR 2 lakhs for conducting energy audit Subsidy up to 40% in 'C' category blocks and 50% in 'D' category blocks subject to a maximum of INR 20 lakh on cost of capital equipment required for energy conservation once in 5 years
5.4	Water Conservation	 75% reimbursement of cost of water audit subject to maximum of INR 1 lakh Subsidy up to 50% or maximum of INR 20 lakh on cost of capital equipment required for Water Conservation/ Harvesting System 	 75% reimbursement of cost of water audit subject to maximum of INR 1 lakh Subsidy up to 50% or maximum of INR 20 lakh on cost of capital equipment required for Water Conservation/ Harvesting System
5.5	Support for Solar Rooftop	Capital investment subsidy @ 30% up to a maximum of INR 20 lakh on eligible capital investment for installation of solar rooftops to all categories of textile enterprises	■ Capital investment subsidy @ 50% up to a maximum of INR 40 lakh in 'C' category blocks and INR 50 lakh in 'D' category blocks on eligible capital investment for installation of solar rooftops to all categories of textile enterprises



6. INCENTIVES FOR ANCHOR & MEGA UNITS

The objective of this policy is to position Haryana as a pre-eminent investment destination and facilitate balanced regional growth across the state. This would be strategized through fiscal and non-fiscal interventions that assist in spread of the industry to the industrially backward areas of the State and infrastructure-led geographical dispersal driven by Mega and Anchor units. Mega and Anchor units act as drivers for regions and lead to springing up of smaller ancillary units and development of areas around them. Following incentives will be provided to Mega and Anchor units through this policy:

6.1 Capital Investment Subsidy

For Anchor Units: Capital investment subsidy @20%, maximum up to INR 50 Crore in 'B' category blocks,@25% up to a max. of INR 100 Crore in 'C' category blocks and @35% up to a maximum of INR 150 Crore in 'D' category blocks in eligible capital investment for new/ diversification projects to all categories of textile enterprises for promotion of backward integration and production of raw material leading to import substitution. (as per textile products mentioned in HEEP 2020 import substitution list)

Note: Maximum of 2 projects will be eligible to avail this incentive under this scheme during the policy period.

6.2 Investment Subsidy in lieu of Net SGST

To reduce the cost of doing business in the State investment subsidy in lieu of Net SGST shall be provided to the Anchor as well as Mega unit. The incentives under this category are as under:

For Anchor Units:

- 40% of Net SGST for 6 years in 'B' Category blocks with cap of 100% of FCI
- 50% of Net SGST for 7 Years in 'C' Category blocks with cap of 125% of FCI
- 50% of Net SGST for 8 Years in 'D' Category blocks with cap of 150% of FCI

For Mega Units:

- 40% of Net SGST for 7 years in 'B' Category blocks with cap of 100% of FCI
- 50% of Net SGST for 8 Years in 'C' Category blocks with cap of 125% of FCI
- 50% of Net SGST for 10 Years in 'D' Category blocks with cap of 150% of FCI

6.3 External Development Charges (EDC) & Internal Development Charges (IDC)

- 50% exemption in 'B' category blocks
- 75% exemption in 'C' category blocks
- 100% exemption in 'D' category blocks

KEY INCENTIVES UNDER THIS SECTION -ANCHOR & MEGA UNITS

Table 4: Key Incentives – Anchor & Mega Units

S. No.	Type of Incentive	For 'B' Category Blocks	For 'C' & 'D' Category Blocks
6.1	Capital Investment Subsidy (for Anchor units only)	20%, maximum up to INR 50 Crore in eligible capital investment for new/diversification projects to all categories of textile enterprises	■ 20%, maximum up to INR 100 Crore in 'C' category blocks and INR 150 Crore in 'D' category blocks in eligible capital investment for new/ diversification projects to all categories of textile enterprises

S. No.	Type of Incentive	For 'B' Category Blocks	For 'C' & 'D' Category Blocks
6.2	Investment Subsidy in lieu of Net SGST	For Anchor Units: 40% of Net SGST for 6 years with cap of 100% of FCI For Mega Units: 40% of Net SGST for 7 years with cap of 100% of FCI	 For Anchor Units: 50% of Net SGST for 7 Years in 'C' Category blocks with cap of 125% of FCI 50% of Net SGST for 8 Years in 'D' Category blocks with cap of 150% of FCI For Mega Units: 50% of Net SGST for 8 Years in 'C' Category blocks with cap of 125% of FCI 50% of Net SGST for 10 Years in 'D' Category blocks with cap of 150% of FCI
6.3	EDC & IDC	■ 50% exemption of IDC & EDC	 75% exemption of IDC & EDC in 'C' category blocks 100% exemption of IDC & EDC in 'D' category blocks



7. INCENTIVES FOR TEXTILE PARKS

The textile industry has its inherent advantages, but infrastructure bottleneck is one of the main areas of concern. To provide world class infrastructural support, the State Government has envisaged various incentives for textile parks which will create an integrated textile value chain right from spinning, weaving, processing/finishing and garment manufacturing at single location.

The State Government will provide assistance to promoter/developer of the Textile Park for developing common infrastructure facilities which will include internal roads, power distribution system, fuel distribution system (CNG/PNG), communication facilities, water distribution lines, sewage and drainage lines, effluent treatment plant, disposal facilities, storage facilities, common facility centre like boilers, Zero Liquid Discharge (ZLD) etc. The expenditure incurred for such infrastructure development shall only be considered. The quantum of assistance shall be as follows:

Eligibility Criteria: The textile park to be set up in 'B', 'C' and 'D' category blocks should have at least 10 manufacturing enterprises (having investment of INR 30 Crore in total) and minimum area of 20 acres.

No. of Parks: Maximum 10 Textile Parks shall be considered for financial assistance during the operative period of the policy.

7.1 Financial Assistance

40% of the total project cost (excluding land) with maximum limit of INR 20 crore for setting up of textile parks by any developer i.e., industry association/ SPV/any enterprise registered under Partnership Act/ Companies Act/ Cooperative Societies Act in 'B', 'C' & 'D' category blocks for basic and core infra related facilities. Beside this the promoter/developer of the park will also be eligible for other incentives as per below:

- (a) Stamp Duty Reimbursement: 100% reimbursement of stamp duty on purchase/lease of land required for Textile Park.
- **(b) External Development Charges (EDC):** EDC actual charges for any additional/new services will be charged in the agricultural zone from the entrepreneur/developer/textile park.
- (c) Internal Development Charges (IDC): 100% exemption of applicable charges. However statutory charges such as license fee, scrutiny fee, conversion charges shall be payable. Common facilities shall mandatorily be provided by the promoter/developer. The construction of internal facilities of the sanctioned project should be completed within the period of 7 years from the date of approval of project. Failure to complete 70% the project (i.e., at least 7 units in the park should become operational) within the period specified above, will render the project ineligible for financial assistance and will attract the recovery of Stamp duty. The promoter/developer of the project commit to hold at least 20% equity participation in the project. The project would be eligible for benefits provided it remains operational for seven years from the date of commencement of production. Textile parks sanctioned by the State Government can avail incentives under schemes of Government of India, if eligible.

Note: *IDC* shall not be exempted for those textile parks which have already been issued License by Town and Country Planning Department.

- (d) Support for Sustainable Infrastructure (Common ZLD) in Textile Park: 50% of civil infra/plant & machinery cost up to a maximum of INR 10 Crore for setting up of common ZLD plants inside the textile parks. Cost of land not included in the total project cost.
- (e) Ease of Doing Business: For textile parks coming up in non urbanisable zone outside controlled area with 33 feet approach road, auto CLU will be provided, no IDC charges will be levied and EDC charges are subject to Clause 7.1 (sub-clause 'b').

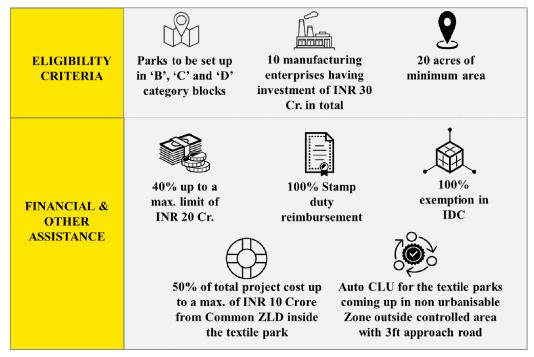
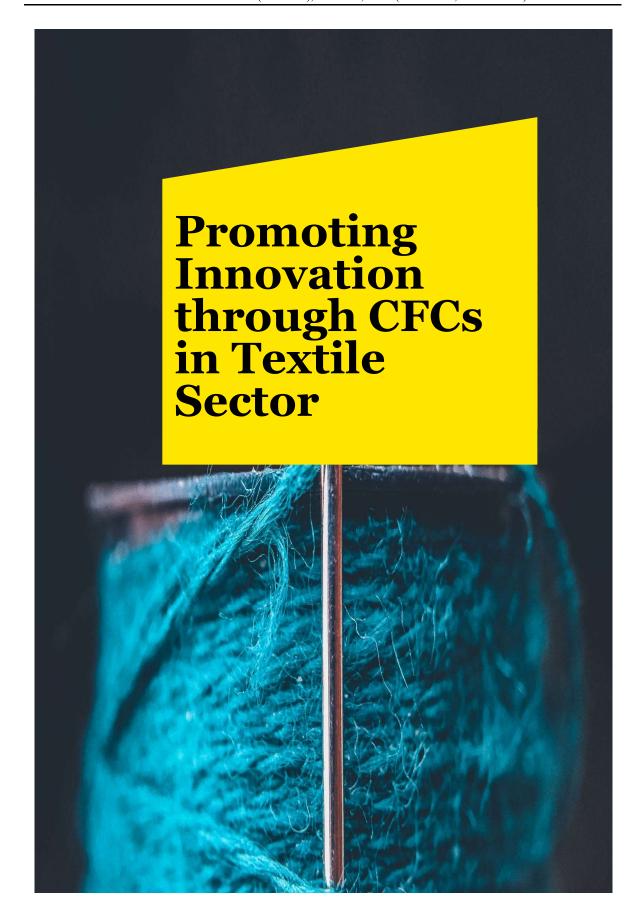


Figure 6: Highlights of Eligibility & Incentives of Textile Parks

KEY INCENTIVES UNDER THIS SECTION – TEXTILE PARKS

Table 5: Key Incentives – Textile Parks

S. No.	Type of Incentive	For 'B', 'C' & 'D' Category Blocks
7.1	Financial Assistance	■ 40% of the total project cost (excluding land) with maximum limit of INR 20 crore for setting up of textile parks
	(a) Stamp Duty Reimbursement	■ 100% reimbursement of stamp duty on purchase/lease of land required for Textile Park
	(b) External Development Charges (EDC)	■ EDC actual charges for any additional/new services will be charged in the agricultural zone from the entrepreneur/developer/textile park.
	(c) Internal Development Charges (IDC)	■ 100% exemption in IDC charges
	(d) Support for Sustainable Infrastructure (ZLD)	■ 50% of civil infra/ plant & machinery cost up to a maximum of INR 10 Crore for setting up of common ZLD plants inside the textile parks. Cost of land not included in the total project cost
	(e) Ease of Doing Business	■ For textile parks coming up in non urbanisable zone outside controlled area with 33 feet approach road, auto CLU will be provided, no IDC charges will be levied and EDC charges are subject to Clause 7.1 (sub-clause 'b').



8. PROMOTING INNOVATION IN TEXTILE SECTOR

Textile MSMEs constitutes a significant share in the overall contribution of MSMEs in the socio-economic development of the state. To further strengthen the sector with new innovation, technological enhancement and provide a conducive eco-system for promoting growth of MSMEs in textile sector, the State Government shall provide following interventions:

8.1 Development of CFCs for Textile Cluster

Haryana is the first state to introduce State Mini Cluster Development Scheme for the MSMEs. Now on the similar lines, the State Government is going to introduce "Textile Cluster Development Scheme" which will aim at augmenting the competitiveness of textile MSMEs across the entire value chain by creating state of the art infrastructure, advancing inclusivity through regional balanced growth, creating gainful employment, and fostering innovation.

The key highlights of the scheme are as under:

- Textile Cluster shall be developed across the state for entire value chain of textiles
- A group of minimum 15 MSMEs shall be required for the development of Textile Cluster
- 90% of grant-in-aid from Government of Haryana and 10% contribution from SPV for project cost up to a maximum of INR 10 Cr. for setting up of CFC for new product development especially for technical textile or any modern textile processing facility
- Maximum number of 10 projects shall be considered for financial assistance during the operative period of the policy

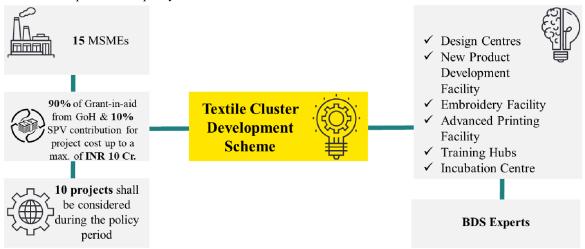


Figure 7: Highlights of Textile Cluster Development Scheme

8.2 Upgradation of Quality Marking Centre (QMC) at Panipat as Centre of Excellence

To support the MSMEs for product quality improvements, QMCs were conceptualized. However, with passage of time, the equipments and technology at QMCs have become obsolete. QMC at Panipat shall be revamped during this policy period by implementing interventions like setting up of carpet research and development centre, internal quality testing centre, international trade and exhibition centre, etc. An additional budget outlay of INR 30 Crore shall be provisioned for this purpose.

8.3 Setting up of New Quality Marking Centres (QMCs) at Gurugram & Hisar

Two new Quality Marking Centres (QMCs) shall be set up during the operative period of the policy i.e., at Gurugram and Integrated Manufacturing Cluster (IMC), Hisar. An additional budget outlay of INR 30 Crore for Gurugram and INR 50 Crore for IMC Hisar shall be provisioned for this purpose. The budget at both the QMCs shall be utilised for implementing interventions like setting up research and development centre, internal quality testing centre, international trade and exhibition centre, etc.

8.4 Development of Bhiwani as Technical Textile Hub

Technical Textile sector is the Sunshine Sector of the textile industry. The sector is also one of the fastest growing segments of the Indian Economy. In Haryana, Bhiwani is known as hub of non-woven textile products. Hence, Government will put special efforts to develop Bhiwani as technical textile hub.

KEY INCENTIVES UNDER THIS SECTION – PROMOTING INNOVATION IN TEXTILE SECTOR

Table 6: Key Incentives – Promoting Innovation in Textile Sector

S. No.	Category	Incentive
8.1	Textile Cluster Development Scheme	 90% of grant-in-aid from Government of Haryana and 10% SPV contribution for the project cost up to a maximum of INR 10 crore for setting up of Common Facility Centre (CFC) Minimum 15 micro and small enterprises shall be required for the development of Textile Cluster.
		 Maximum number of projects considered during the policy period: 10
8.2	Upgradation of QMC at Panipat	■ For upgradation of QMC, Panipat, an additional budget of INR 30 crore shall be provisioned. The budget shall be utilised for implementing interventions like setting up of carpet research and development centre, internal quality testing centre, international trade and exhibition centre, etc
8.3	Setting of new QMCs at Gurugram and Hisar	For setting of two new QMCs, an additional budget of INR 30 Crore for Gurugram and INR 50 Crore for Integrated Manufacturing Cluster, Hisar shall be provisioned. The budget at both the QMCs shall be utilised for implementing interventions like setting up research and development centre, internal quality testing centre, international trade and exhibition centre, etc.
8.4	Development of Bhiwani as Technical Textile Hub	Technical Textile sector is the Sunshine Sector of the textile industry. The sector is also one of the fastest growing segments of the Indian Economy. In Haryana, Bhiwani is known as hub of non-woven textile products. Hence, Government will put special efforts to develop Bhiwani as technical textile hub



9. OTHER INCENTIVES

9.1 Other Incentives as per HEEP 2020 (For Textile Thrust Sector)

The State shall encourage the development of Textile clusters for manufacturing of hosiery (in Sirsa), carpets (in Panipat) and garments (in Gurugram), a Textile Park exclusively for Dyers & Processors in Faridabad, an Apparel Park exclusively for apparel manufacturing units in Mewat and an Integrated Textile Park in Hisar.

Besides, enhanced incentives, the State shall also provide support to this sector through the following interventions:

- Encourage setting-up of micro units such as surgical cotton, masks, baggage, napkins in cotton producing areas.
- > Tap into new opportunities and encourage investments across entire value chain for inclusive growth through proactive investment promotion and outreach.
- Promote R&D in the area of manufacturing of manmade fibres and technical textiles to promote environment friendly processes/technologies in textile sector.
- > Develop integrated textile parks with provision for water supply and treatment of water intensive textile units.
- Leverage Central Government policies and schemes such as Integrated Processing Development Scheme and Incubation Centres in Apparel Manufacturing to develop state infrastructure and boost investment.

9.2 Other Provisions

All new textile units coming up inside the Integrated Manufacturing Cluster (IMC), Hisar will get benefits of 'C' category block as per the AtmaNirbhar Textile Policy 2022-25.



10. Annexures

10.1 Annexure I: Scope of work for Project Management Agency

In order to effectively implement the overall policy and achieve the desired impact, INR 7.5 Crore has been provisioned to engage a professional agency as PMA to support the Directorate of MSME in implementing the scheme. The scope would cover but not be limited to the following:

- Handholding of potential investors
- Development of marketing collaterals
- Information dissemination on State policy
- Assistance in mobilization of proposals under various schemes
- Evaluation and appraisal of Techno-feasibility reports and Detailed Project Reports (DPRs)
- Monitoring & Evaluation

10.2 Annexure II: List of products under different categories of technical textiles

The list of various products comes under different categories of technical textiles are provided in the table below:

Table 7: Key Products – Technical Textiles

S. No.	Type of Technical Textile	Products
1.	Agrotech	Anti-Bird Nets, Anti Hail Nets, Anti-Insect Nets, Crop Covers, Crop Support Nets, Dole Nets, Fishnet Twines, Fruit Protection Covers, Gill Nets, Ground cover Fabric, Harvesting Nets, Jute Soil Savers, Mulch Mats, Nylon Monofilament Fishing Nets, Nylon Multifilament Fishing Nets, Pelagic Nets, Purse Seine Nets, Root Ball Nets, Seed production Cages, Shade Nets, Staking Cords, Trawls (Trawl Nets), Turf Protection Nets, Vermi Beds
2.	Buildtech	Acoustic Fabrics, Architectural Membranes, Auditorium Fabrics, Awnings and Canopies Fabrics, Canvas Tarpaulins, Coir Blinds/ Awnings, Fabric Formwork for Concrete, Flex material for hoardings and advertisements, HDPE Tarpaulins, Jute Tarpaulins, LDPE Sheets, Lifting Slings, Polyester Harnesses Belts, PP Tarpaulins, PVC Coated Tarpaulins, PVC Laminated Flex, Scaffolding Safety Nets, Shelter Fabrics, Tents
3.	Clothtech	Cloth Labels, Cloth Badges, Coated Fabrics, Coated Interlinings, Cotton Sewing Threads, Elastic Narrow Fabrics, Embroidery Backings, Functional Yarns, Garment Elastic Tapes, Hook and Loop Fasteners, Industrial Sewing Threads, Institutional Uniforms, Interlining for Apparels including Over the Back (OTB) for embroidery, Interlinings for Coats, Laces and Tapes, Military Fabrics, Nylon Taffeta, Panty Hose, Tights, Stockings, Socks and Other Hosiery, Rayon Taffeta, Shoe Linings, Tactical Vests for Military use, Textured Yarn, Tulles, Velcro, Wadding, Zip Fasteners
4.	Geotech	Extruded Polypropylene Geogrid, Gabions, Geo Composites, Geo fabrics, Geobags, Geocells, Geogrids, Geomembranes, Geotextiles for Road Construction, Geotextiles 100 csm – 724 gsm, High Strength Polyester, Nonwoven, Needle punch felt for Geobags, PET Geogrids and HDPE Geocells, Polymer and Steel Gabions for Shore Protection, PP Woven Fabrics with different GSM & Colour, Prefabricated Vertical Drains
5.	Hometech	Acrylic Floor Covering Yarns, Bed Linen, Table Linen, Toilet Linen, Kitchen Linen, Blackout Curtains, Blinds, Carpet and Textile Floor Coverings (including Textile Backing Cloth), Cloth Napkins, Coir Mats, Comforters, Curtains, Cushions, Quilts, Dry Wipes & Kitchen Wipes, Fabric Tapes, Faux Leather, Filter Fabrics (HVAC and Vacuum Cleaner), Flock Coated Fabric, Hollow Fibre Pillows, Jute Carpet Backing cloth, Laminated Mattress Protectors, Linoleum, Mattress Pads, Mosquito Nets, Needle Punch Carpets, Nonwoven Thermal Bonded Waddings, Nonwoven Wipes for home use, Painting Canvas, Pillow Covers, PP Air Conditioner Filter Cloth, Refreshing Wipes, Refreshment Wipes, Stuffed Toys, Ticking Fabrics, Woven Pile Fabrics and Chenille Fabrics

S.	Type of Technical Textile	Products
No. 6.	Indutech	Abrasive Cloth, Acoustic Insulation Fabric, Advanced Composites for Oil and Gas, AGM Glass Battery Separators, Bolting Cloth, Computer Printer Ribbons, Conveyor Belting Fabrics, Decatising Cloth, Drive Belts, Highperformance Ropes and Cordages, HVAC Filter Cloth, Industrial Filter Fabrics, Industrial Hoses, Industrial Tapes, Industrial Webbings and Slings, Industrial Wipes, Laminated Nonwoven Filters, Liquid Filter Fabrics, Meta Aramid Fibres, Nonwoven Jute Felts, Nylon Ropes, OPAN Fibre (Pyromex), Paper Making Fabrics, Peel Ply Fabrics, Polyamide Nylon Monofilament Yarns, Polyester Industrial Yarns, Printed Circuit Boards, Ropes and Cordages, Speaker Fabrics, Tape Fabrics (Nylon Curing, Electric Cable, Nuclear Plant Pipes), Twines, Typewriter Ribbon Cloth, Water and Oil Filters, Water Repellent Canvas, Waterproof Covers, Wicks and Gas Mantle Fabrics, Woven Fabrics of Glass, Woven Filter, Woven Narrow Goat Hair Puttis Tape, Woven Narrow Jute Webbing
7.	Meditech	3 Ply Surgical Mask & Hygiene Disposables, AB Cotton (Absorbent Bleached Cotton), Abdominal Sponges, Adhesive Gauze Bandages, Adhesive Medicinal Tapes, Adult Diapers, Anti-Microbial Fabrics, Arm board Covers, Artificial Heart Valves, Artificial Joints, Artificial Ligaments, Artificial Vascular Grafts, Baby Diapers, Baby Pants, Bleached open weave and leno weave gauze rolls-for export, Blood pressure Cuffs, Burn Therapy Dressing Soaked In Protective Gel, Caps(used as Mask), Carbo-Melt Fabrics, Combined Dressings, Community Masks, Compression Stockings and Compression Garments, Cotton Spunlace Non – Woven Roll Goods, Coveralls, CTG Belts and Medical Mask Tapes, Dental Floss, Disposable Hospital Bed Sheets, Draw Sheets, Dust Mask & Respirators, Ear cleaning Buds, Extra Corporeal membrane oxygenation (ECMO), Eye Pads, Finished Goods (Cotton Balls, Pleat & Wool Roll Cotton Pad, Round, Square, Oval, Rectangle, 5X6), Gauze Swabs, Heart Patches, Hernia Meshes, Hospital Room- Clean Garments/Sterile Products, Incontinence Diapers, Inflatable mattress / pillows, Isopropyl Alcohol Swabs, Magic Coin Tissues, Mayo Table Covers, Medical Aprons, Medical Bandages, Medical Gowns, Medical PPE- washable cloth- reused, Medical wear in 100% cotton and 100% synthetic fabric for Type 6B garments, Medicated Cotton Wool, Medicated Dressings, Medicated Lints, Melt-blown Fabrics, Mortuary Bags, N95 Masks-NIOSH approved, Non-surgical Face Masks, O.T. Towels, PPE Coveralls, Reusable Masks, Reusable PPEs, Sanitary towels (pads) & tampons, Sanitizing Wipes, Scrub Suits, Single use PPEs, Surgical Disposals, Surgical Drapes, Surgical Dressing, Surgical Gowns, Surgical Masks, Surgical Sutures, Surgical Dressing, Surgical Gowns, Surgical Masks, Surgical Sutures, Surgical Swabs and Pads, Surgical Tapes, Synthetic Non Absorbable Hernia Mesh, Synthetic Non Absorbable Sutures, Under Pads, Medical Wipes
8.	Mobiltech	Airbags, Automotive Carpets, Automotive Heat Shields, Automotive Textiles, Brake Diaphragm Fabrics, Car body Covers, Car Upholstery: Seat Cover Fabrics, Cargo Nets, Chafer Fabrics for Tyres, Cycle Tyre cord Fabrics, Dipped Rayon tyre cord Fabrics, Grey Rayon tyre cord Fabrics, Headliners, Helmets (Textile material inside the helmets), Inflatable Floats & Boats for Defence, Insulation Felts, Literature pockets in Air planes, Marine yarns for cruise ships, Mooring Ropes for Shipping, Nylon Tyre Cord Fabric - Dipped Fabric, Nylon Tyre Cord Fabric (HSN – 59021090) - Greige Fabric, Polyester Tyre Cord Fabric, Railway Fabrics, Sails, Seat Belt Webbings, Spacer Mesh, Sunblind/Sun visors, Tarpaulins, Transport Ropes, Truck Covers
9.	Oekotech	Drainage Geonets, Erosion Mats and Nets, Geocells, Geo Mattresses, Geomembranes, HDPE/PP Geogrids, Knitted and Coated Mesh & Geotextiles, Landfill Solutions (Liners and Fabrics), Nonwoven Geotextiles, GI Wire Netting Facia

S. No.	Type of Technical Textile	Products
10.	Packtech	Advanced Composites (Anti Carcinogenic Packaging, Anticorrosive), Bulk Bags, Cordura Fabrics (for bags), D cut bags, Flexible Intermediate Bulk Containers (FIBCs), Gunny Bags, Handle Bags, HDPE Woven Mesh for Vegetable Packing, HDPE Woven Sacks and Bags, Hook and Loop Tapes, Hydrocarbon Free Food Grade Bags (various capacities), Jute Hessian and Sacks, Jute Shopping Bags, Laminated Nonwoven Fabrics, Leno Bags, Military Backpacks, Nonwoven Fabric Bags, Polyolefin Woven Sacks, PP Woven Sacks and Bags, Punching Bag Fabric, Rucksack Fabric, Sacking Bags, Soft Luggage (including Vanity/ Executive/ Brief Cases), Stitching Threads, Tea-Bags (Filter paper), Toiletry Bags and Satchels, W cut bags, Wallets and Purses, Wrapping Fabric
11.	Protech	Aerostat Fabrics, Anti-Static Garments, Aramid Fabric, Ballistic Fabric, Bio Gas Balloons, Bitumen & Wax Coated Fabric, Bomb Disposal Jackets, Bullet Proof Protective Jackets, Camouflage Nets, Chemical Protective Clothing, Electric Static Discharge Tapes made for safety shoes and work shoes for electronic assembly industries, EMI Shielding textiles, Fighter Aircraft Special Clothing, Fire Retardant Apparel, Fire Retardant Fabric for furnishings, Fire Retardant Zippers, Flame Resistant Fabric, High Altitude Clothing, High Visibility Clothing, Industrial Gloves, Infra-red Clothing (Military use), Life Jackets and Life Belts, Man dropping Parachute Fabric, Meta Aramid Fibres, Nuclear Biological and Chemical Protection Suits (NBC), Overcoats, Capes and Anoraks, Para Aramid Fibres, Submariner Clothing, Tarpaulins for use of security forces, Thermal Liners for fire and safety, Truck Covers, Umbrella Cloth Fabrics, UV Resistant Clothing, Waterproof & Breathable Fabrics, Wind Cheaters and Rain Coats
12.	Sportech	Active wear A (Jackets, Wind-cheaters, Shorts, Outdoor legwear, Track suits, Jackets, Tearproof designs, Swim suits), Active wear B (Yoga pants, Leggings, Joggers, Capris, Shorts, Long Tops, T-Shirts (for multiple usage), Crop-tops, Hoodies, Swim suits), Artificial Turfs, Basketballs, Breathable Fabric for sports jackets, Cordages for climbing ropes, Cricket Nets, Footballs, Golf Nets, High Performance Sports and swimwear (Skinsuits, Football jersey, Surfsuits, Golf T-shirts, Tracksuits, Yoga pants, Swimsuits, Sweatshirts, Trekking apparels), Hot air Balloon Fabrics, Moisture management Fabrics, Others Sports Nets (other than Soccer, Volleyball, Tennis and cricket), Parachute Fabrics, Punching Bags, Roller Blinds, Rugby Balls, Sail Cloths, Shoe components, Shoetech-waterproof shoes which also are visible in dark, Sleeping Bags, Snookers/Pool Table Cloths, Soccer Nets, Sport Composites, Sport Rings, Sports footwear components, Sportswear (includes gloves, pads, guards), Tennis Nets, Tent Fabric, Toe Puffs, Trekking Boots, Velcro for sports use, Volley Ball Nets, Volley Balls, Yarns for sports shoes, Yarns for sportswear

